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MIDSHIP PIPELINES

Midship Pipeline Company, LLC (“Midship”) was formed to connect new gas production from the emerging STACK and SCOOP plays in the Anadarko Basin in Oklahoma to growing Gulf Coast and Southeast markets via deliveries to existing pipelines.

The Midship Pipeline consists of nearly 200 miles of 36-inch diameter new-build pipeline that begins in Kingfisher County, Oklahoma and terminates at natural gas pipeline interconnects near Bennington, Oklahoma. The facilities include a total of three mainline compressor stations, one booster station, seven receipt meter stations/taps, four delivery meters, and three laterals.

PIPELINE SAFETY

Pipelines are the safest and most efficient means of transporting natural gas, according to National Transportation Safety Board statistics. In the United States alone, there are over 300,000 miles of natural gas transmission pipelines in use every day.

Our facilities are kept under constant watch 24-hours a day, seven days a week by the staff at our Gas Control center. Our Gas Control Center continuously gathers and monitors data from pipelines and related facilities across our entire pipeline network. From the center, our team members can make sure energy arrives where it is needed, when it is needed, and that a rapid response is available to any problems on the system.

Our operation employees receive regular training and are qualified under U.S. Department of Transportation standards for natural gas pipeline operators. Following strict procedures and safety standards, our experienced field technicians are responsible for day-to-day support of the pipeline facilities and are on-call at all times to respond to any contingency.

Inspections of our facilities help us detect potential problems before they become safety concerns. These inspections, many of which are prescribed by law, include detailed analysis of the underground corrosion protection systems along our pipelines, as well as above ground surveys for detecting signs of leaks or other potential problems, and periodic inspections by the U.S. Department of Transportation.

Our field technicians are constantly on the alert for third-party excavators who may unknowingly dig near our pipelines. Damage by outside parties is the leading cause of damage to pipelines in the United States, and we work hard to protect the public and our facilities.

Implementation of an integrity management program (IMP) helps safeguard the safety of the community, environment, and our facilities. Our team members examine and inspect crossing requests to reduce the risk of third party damage and monitor the gas streams for indications of hazardous components that could increase the probability of internal corrosion.

CALL BEFORE YOU DIG

Pipeline damage is most frequently caused by excavation projects. In advance of any excavation projects, crossing a pipeline with heavy equipment, or blasting in the vicinity of any pipelines contact Oklahoma811 by dialing 811, dialing 1 (800) 522-OKIE (6543), or visiting their web page at www.okie811.org.

Every digging job requires that you contact Oklahoma811, even small projects like planting trees or shrubs. If you hit an underground utility line while digging, you can harm yourself, harm those around you, and/or disrupt service to your community.

If you expose or make contact with a pipeline or other natural gas equipment, call our emergency number at 1 (877) 375-5002 immediately, even if it appears the utility isn’t damaged. A small scratch,

EMERGENCY CONTACT:

1-877-375-5002

PRODUCTS/ DOT GUIDEBOOK ID#/ GUIDE#:

Natural Gas 1971 115

OKLAHOMA COUNTIES OF OPERATION:

Bryan	Grady
Canadian	Johnston
Carter	Stephens
Garvin	Kingfisher

Changes may occur. Contact the operator to discuss their pipeline systems and areas of operation.

scrape, gouge, dent, or crease to the pipe or coating could cause a safety problem in the future. It’s important that we inspect any potential damage, whether or not it’s apparent.

PIPELINE MARKERS

Pipelines are buried under ground in rights-of-way and are normally not visible. The rights-of-way are created by an easement or permit. For your safety, markers like the one shown in the image to the right, are used to show the pipeline’s approximate location.



Midship marks all our lines with round “bullet” markers, straight flat markers, or metal signs. All the signs are yellow. Markers indicate the general, not exact, location of a pipeline. These markers DO NOT indicate the depth of the pipeline, NOR is the pipeline necessarily laid in a straight line between the markers. Never rely solely on the presence or absence of pipeline markers. Always call your state’s One-Call notification service or dial 811 before digging.

Pipeline markers are important to public safety. It is a federal crime for any person to willfully deface, damage, remove, or destroy any pipeline sign or right-of-way marker required by federal law.

AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE COMMUNITY

Midship Pipeline Company is an integral part of this community and we look forward to working with you to ensure that together we can safely meet our nation’s growing demand for clean, environmentally friendly natural gas. Our field pipeline staff can be reached at (361) 850-0755.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Midship offers access for emergency responders to review parts of the company Emergency Response Plan via the Cheniere Web site at <https://www.cheniere.com/where-we-work/midship-pipeline>. If you are interested

in reviewing Cheniere emergency response information, please use the web site to request access to the material or contact us via e-mail or telephone to schedule a meeting.

REPORTING SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY NEAR A PIPELINE

The nation’s infrastructures, including pipeline, are a matter of National Security. If you witness suspicious activity on a pipeline right-of-way, please report it to the appropriate authorities as soon as possible. You may also call our field pipeline staff at (580) 560-2315 or emergency number at 1 (877) 375-5004. The Department of Homeland Security’s website, www.dhs.gov/national-terrorism-advisory-system, lists threat advisories.

